



Overview of WP5.

The updated version of the watershed - river modeling chain RETRACE-RIVTOX and 2D reservoir model COASTOX in JRODOS- HDM , the implementation studies

***Mark Zheleznyak 1) 2) , Sergey Kivva 1),2),
Oleksiy Boyko 2) , Ievgen Ievdin 2), Maxim Sorokin 2), Oleksandr
Mykhalsky 2), Dorina Gheorghiu 3) , Dmytro Treebushny 4)***

1) Institute of Environmental Radioactivity Fukushima University, Japan

2) Ukrainian Center of Environmental and Water Projects,- UCEWP

*3) Horia Hulubei National Institute for R&D in Physics and Nuclear
Engineering (IFIN-HH) Romania*

*4) Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Institut für Kern- und Energietechnik,
Eggenstein-Leopoldshafen, Germany*

WP5: Extension of aquatic dispersion and consequence modelling in Decision Support Systems, on the basis of recent experiences and technological advances

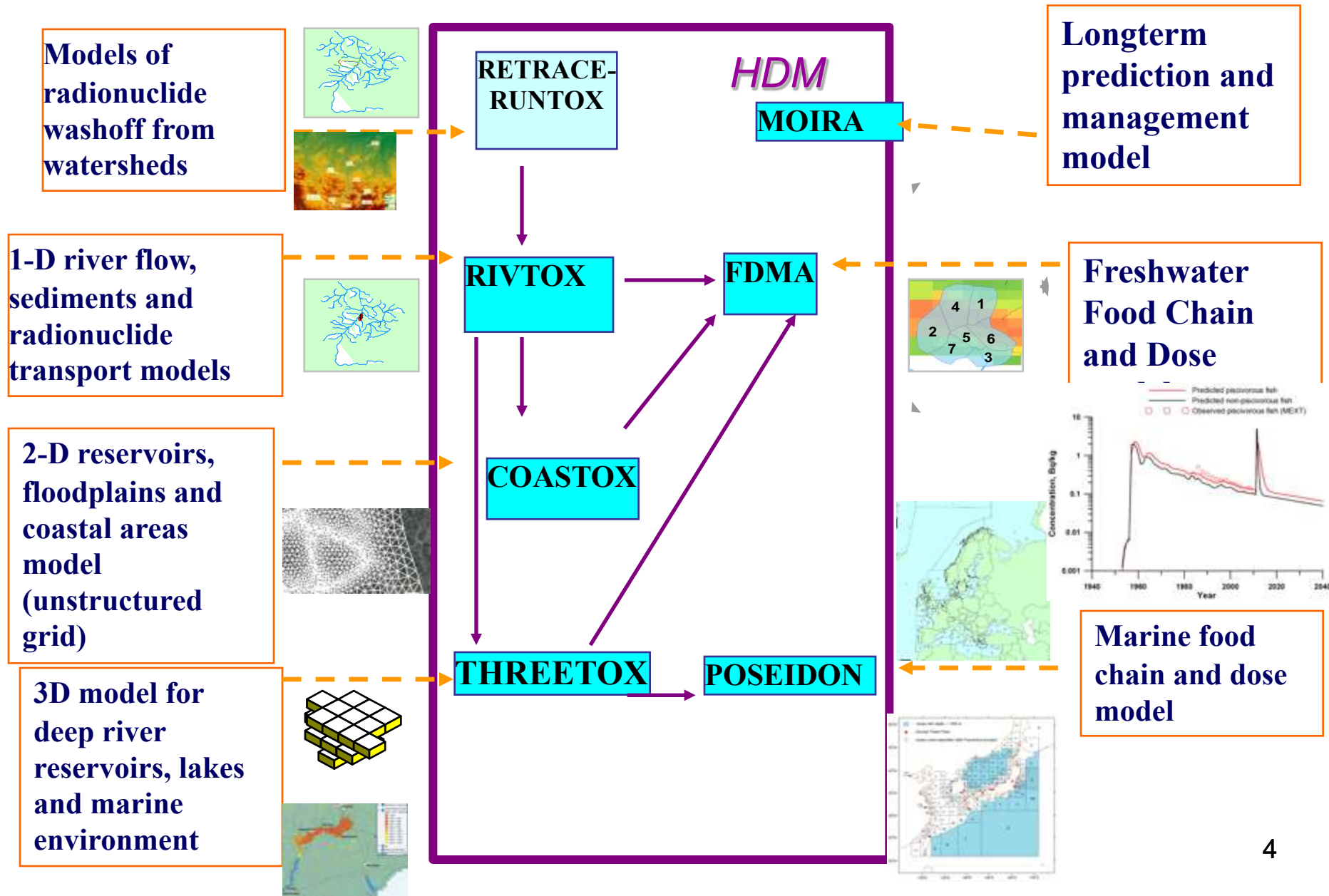
The objective of the PREPARE activities in WP5 was to extend the Hydrological Dispersion Module of DSS JRODOS (RODOS-HDM), that nowadays is a tool for the prediction of short-term radionuclide dispersion in river systems, by further development of this software module with new functionalities:

- modelling of radionuclide transport in coastal waters driven by the atmospheric fallout from RODOS ADM and/or by direct releases into marine environment for the post accidental real-time forecasting and for the analyses of long term contamination of the marine environment including marine biota

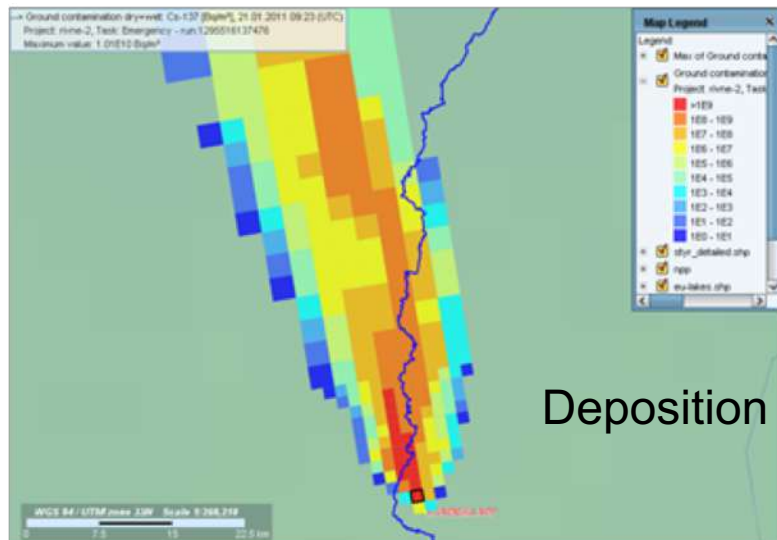
WP5: Extension of aquatic dispersion and consequence modelling in Decision Support Systems, on the basis of recent experiences and technological advances (2)

- modelling of long-term fate of radionuclides in freshwater systems for predictions of the radiation doses via aquatic exposure pathways, analyses of the efficiency of countermeasures to diminish such doses after an accident.
- validation of the HDM models for the water bodies in the fallout zone of the Fukushima Daiichi NPP and HDM implementation for forecasting of the behaviour of radionuclides in water bodies of Fukushima Prefecture with the assessment of the efficiency of the countermeasures.

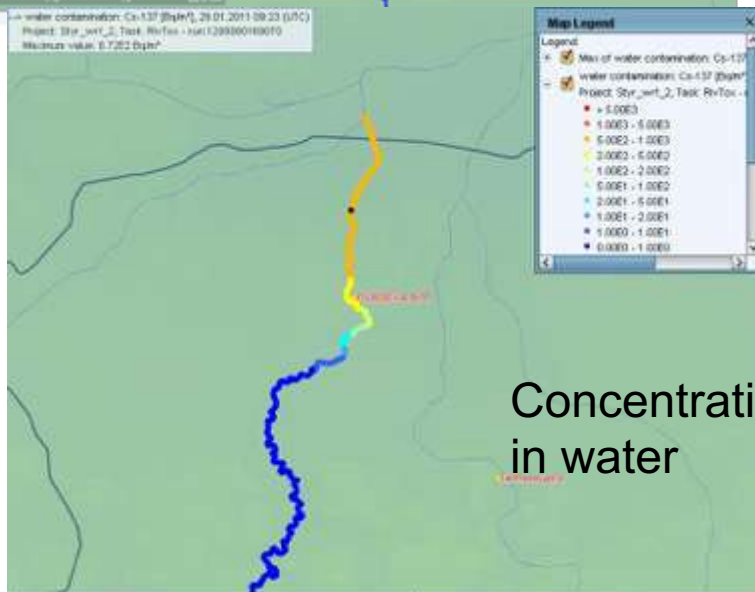
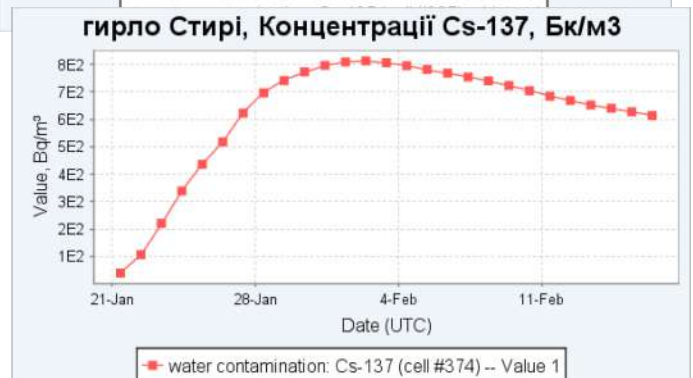
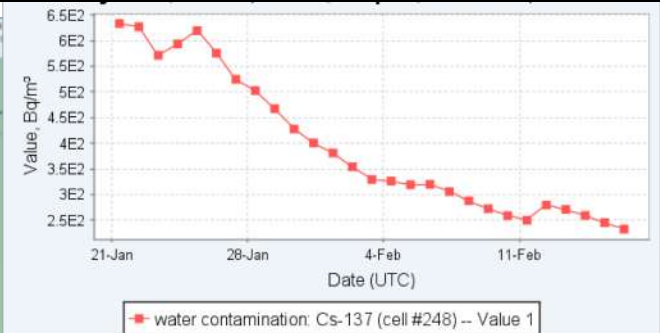
Hydrological Dispersion Models (HDM) of EC Decision Support System for Nuclear Emergency- RODOS implementing at Fukushima



HDM 1D River model RIVTOX – – Cs137 transport in Styr
River near Rivno NPP (“old” HDM)

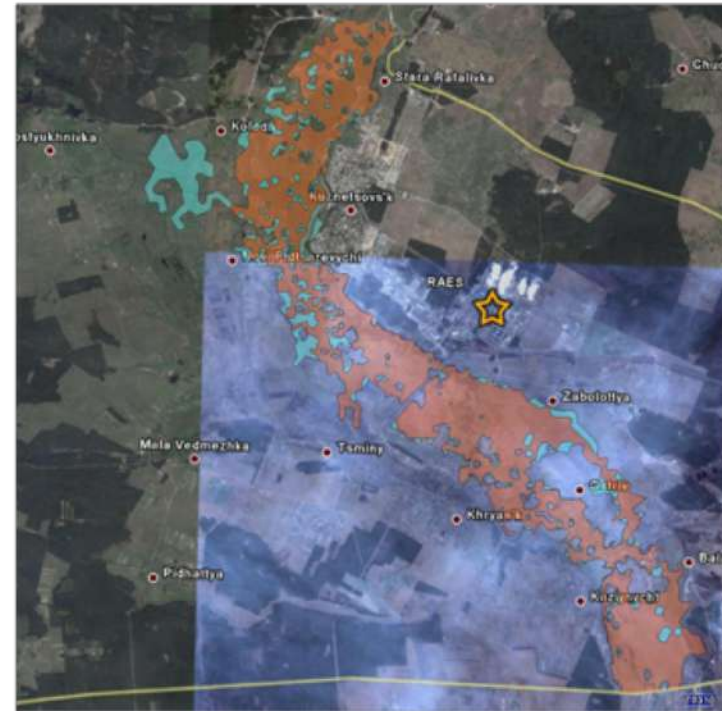
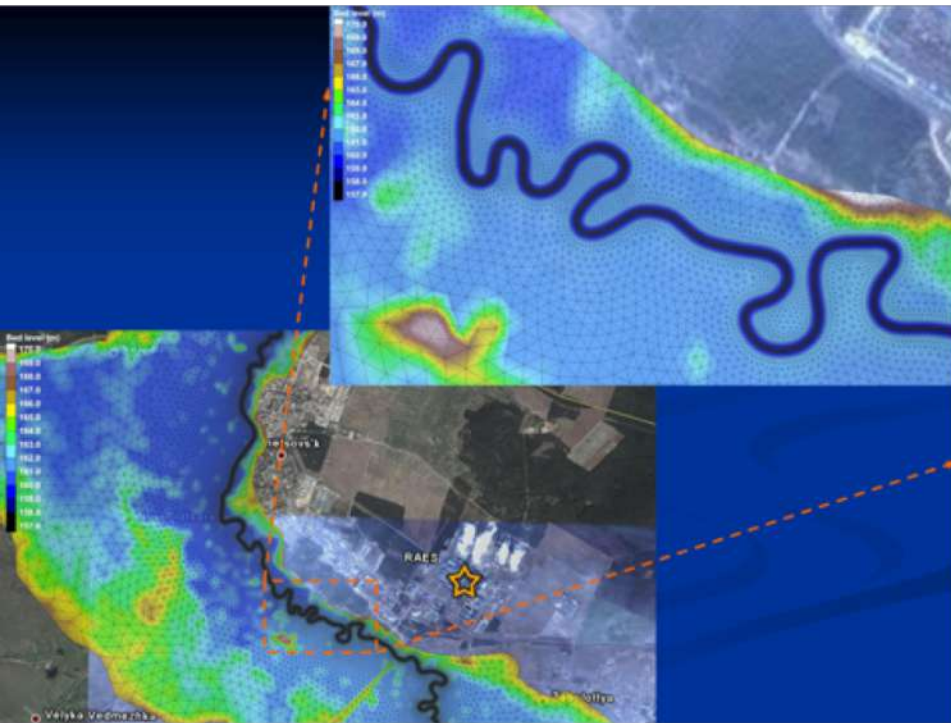


Deposition



Concentration in water

2D Model COASTOX



2D COASTOX for Sozh River floodplain at Rivno NPP: computational grid, flooded area during two highest floods, the fluxes of Cs-137 at the downflow crossections in solute and with suspended sediments for two scenarios of atmospheric releases

Update of the computational engine of 1-D river model
RIVTOX coupled with the rainfall-runoff model
RETRACE – R:

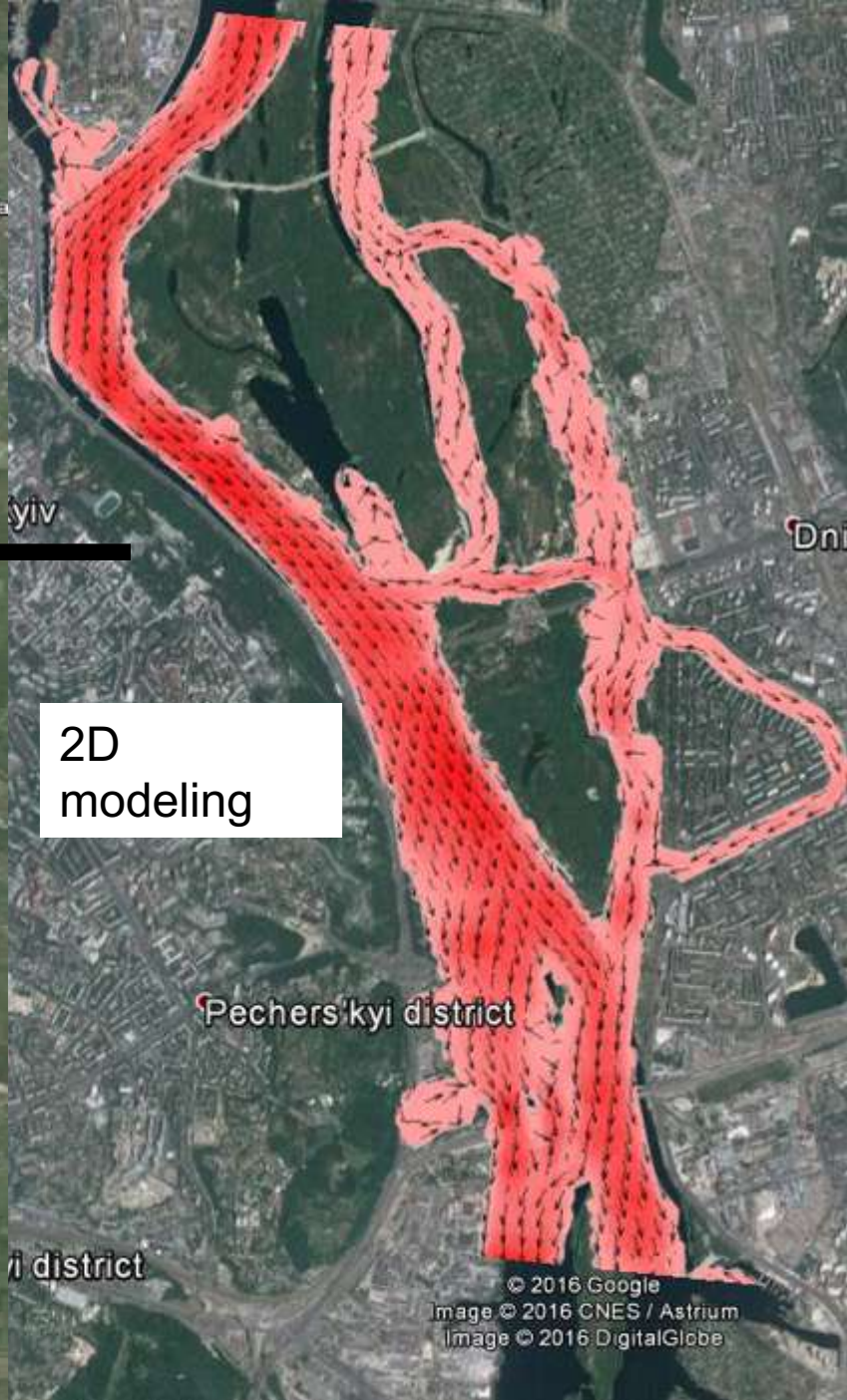
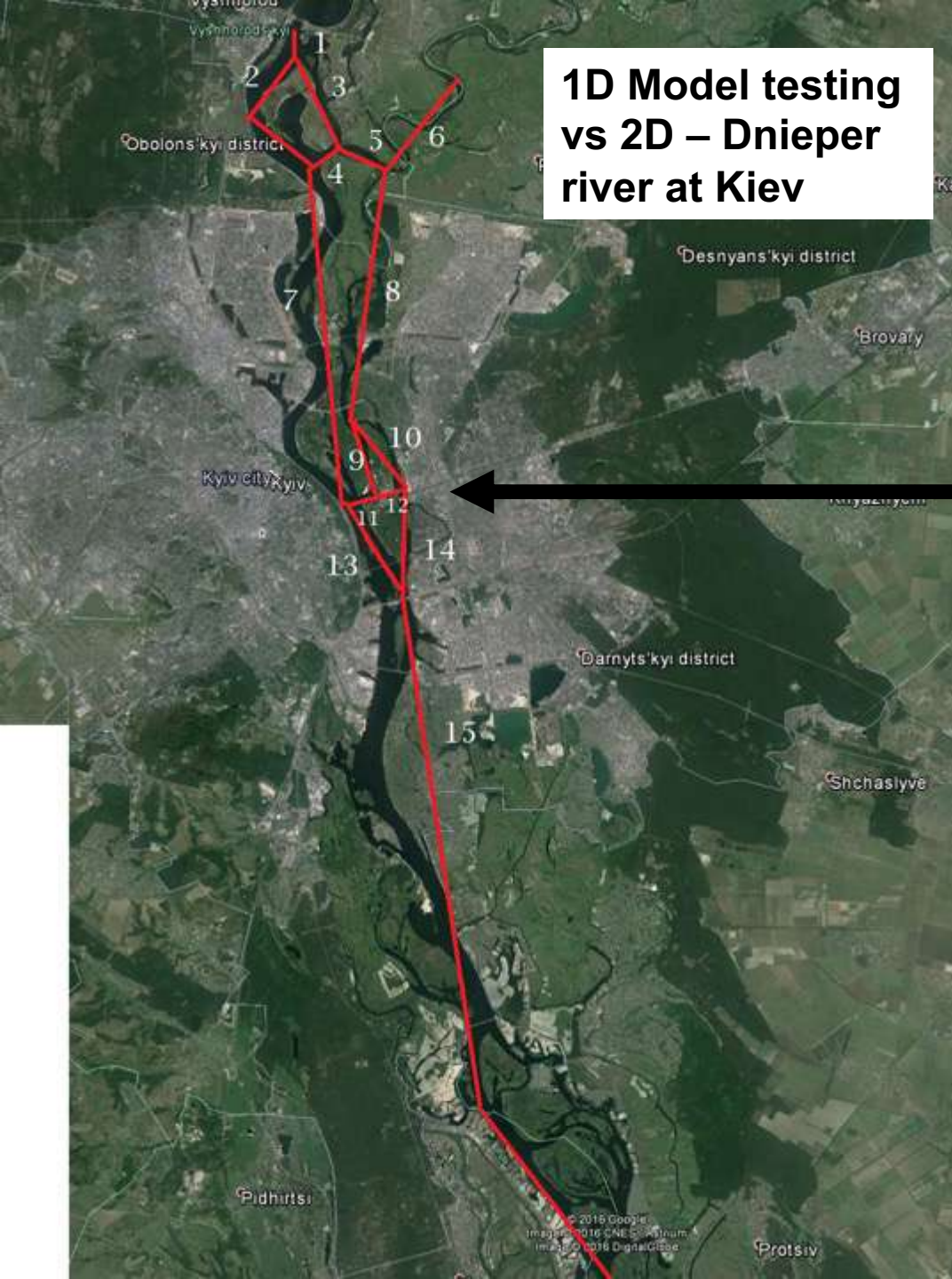
New version of the hydraulic model of RIVTOX based on the full Saint- Venant equation to simulate the complicated branched river networks (instead of diffusive wave approximation) and new sediment-radionuclide transport model (Rivtox-SV) – *S Kivva*

Testing of new 1 D model hydraulic in comparison with measurements and 2 D modelling results, Danube case - *S Kivva, O.Mikhalsky, M Sorokin, D Gheorghiu*

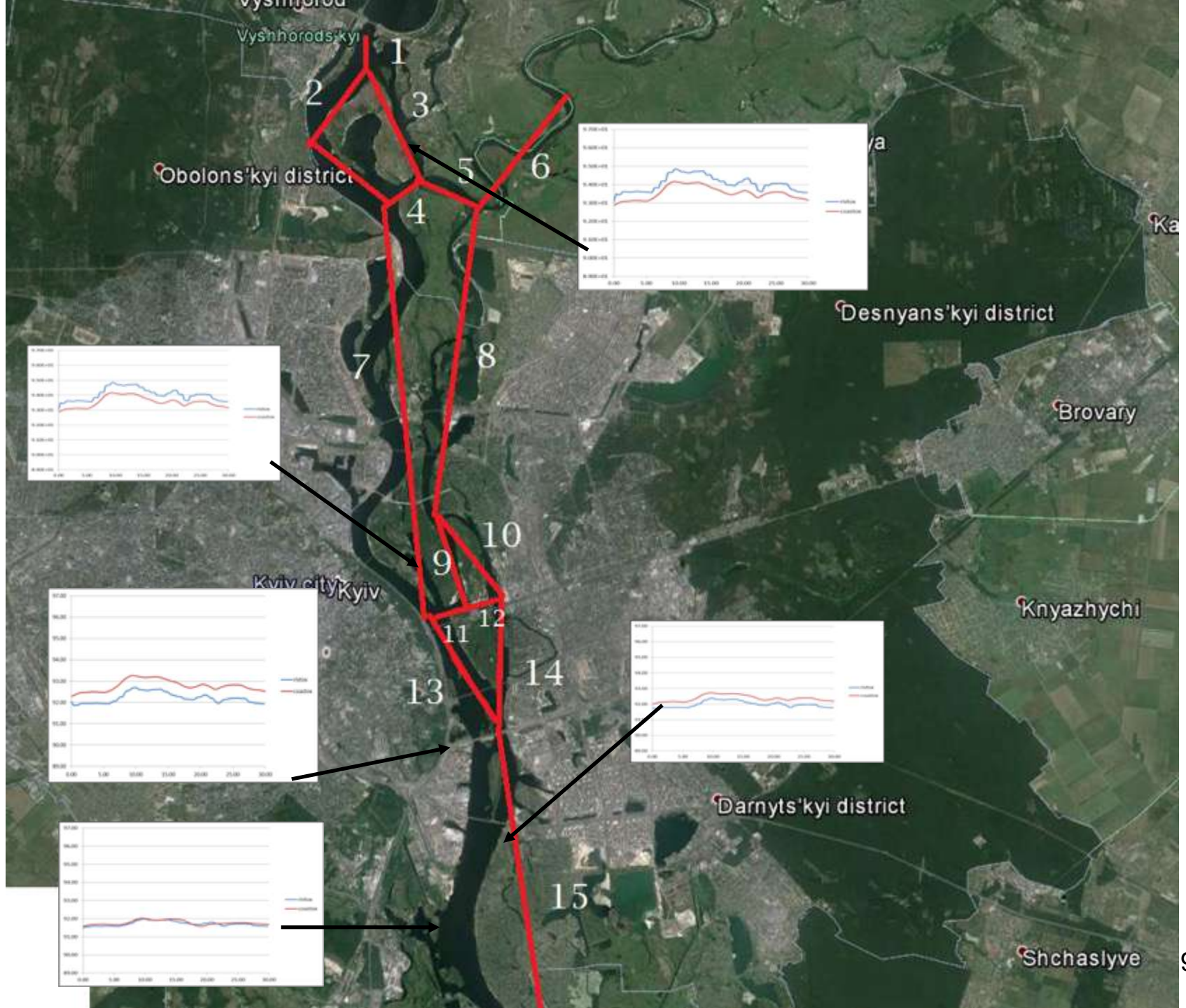
Coupling of Rivtox-SV with runoff model Retrace- R – *O.Boyko*

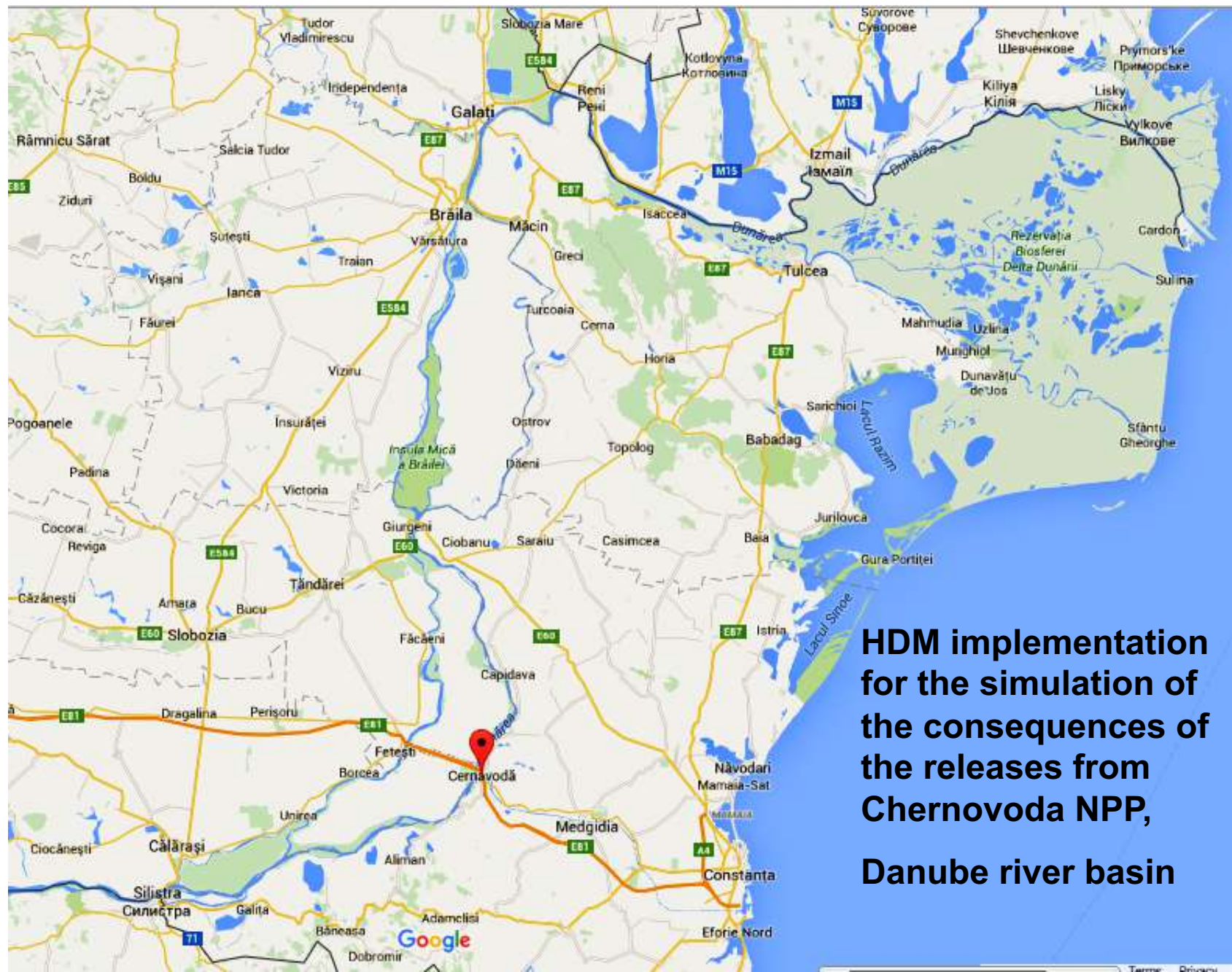
JRODOS interfaces for 1D and 2D Model – *I.Ievdin, D.Trybushny*

1D Model testing vs 2D – Dnieper river at Kiev

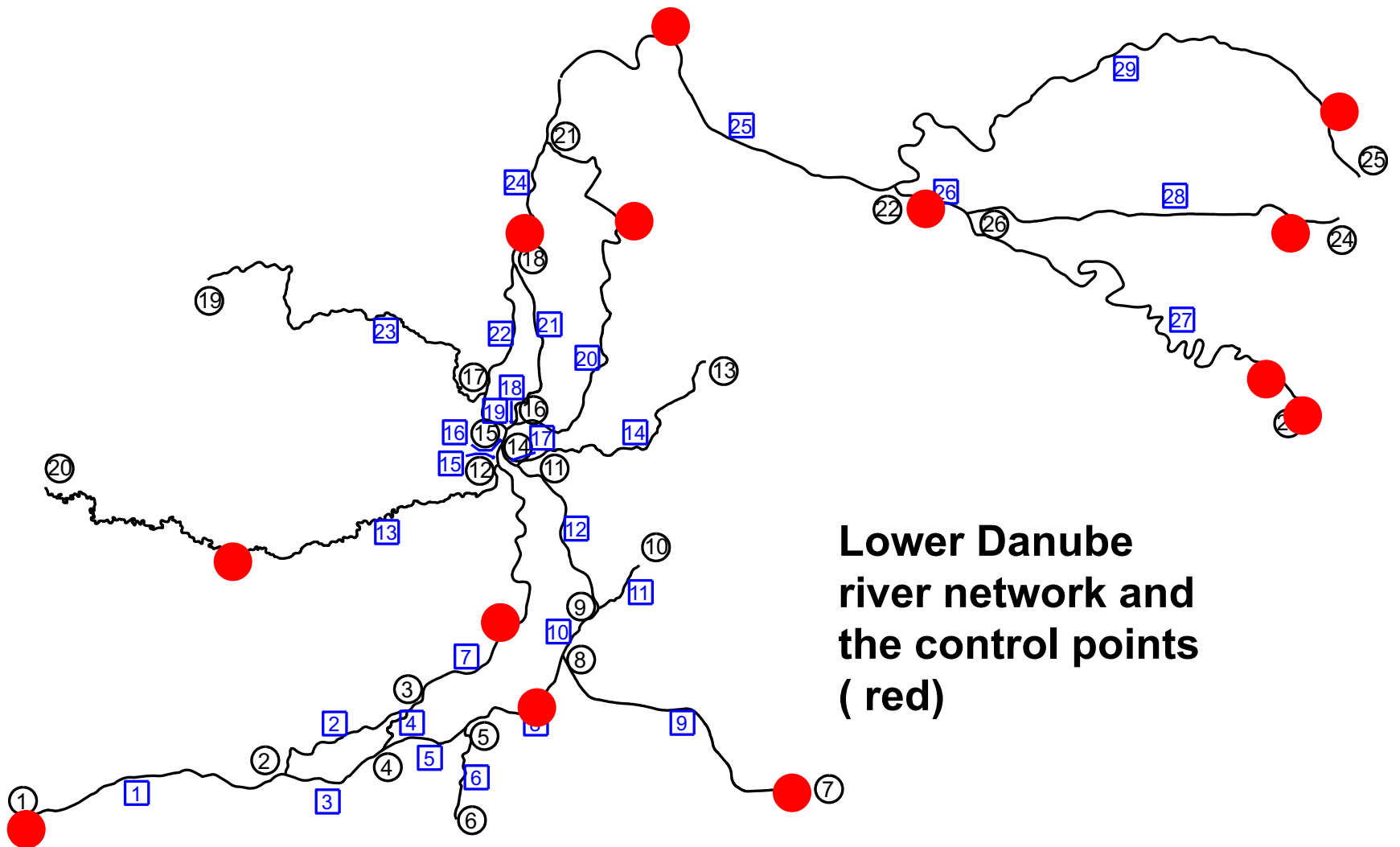


2D modeling





**HDM implementation
for the simulation of
the consequences of
the releases from
Chernovoda NPP,
Danube river basin**

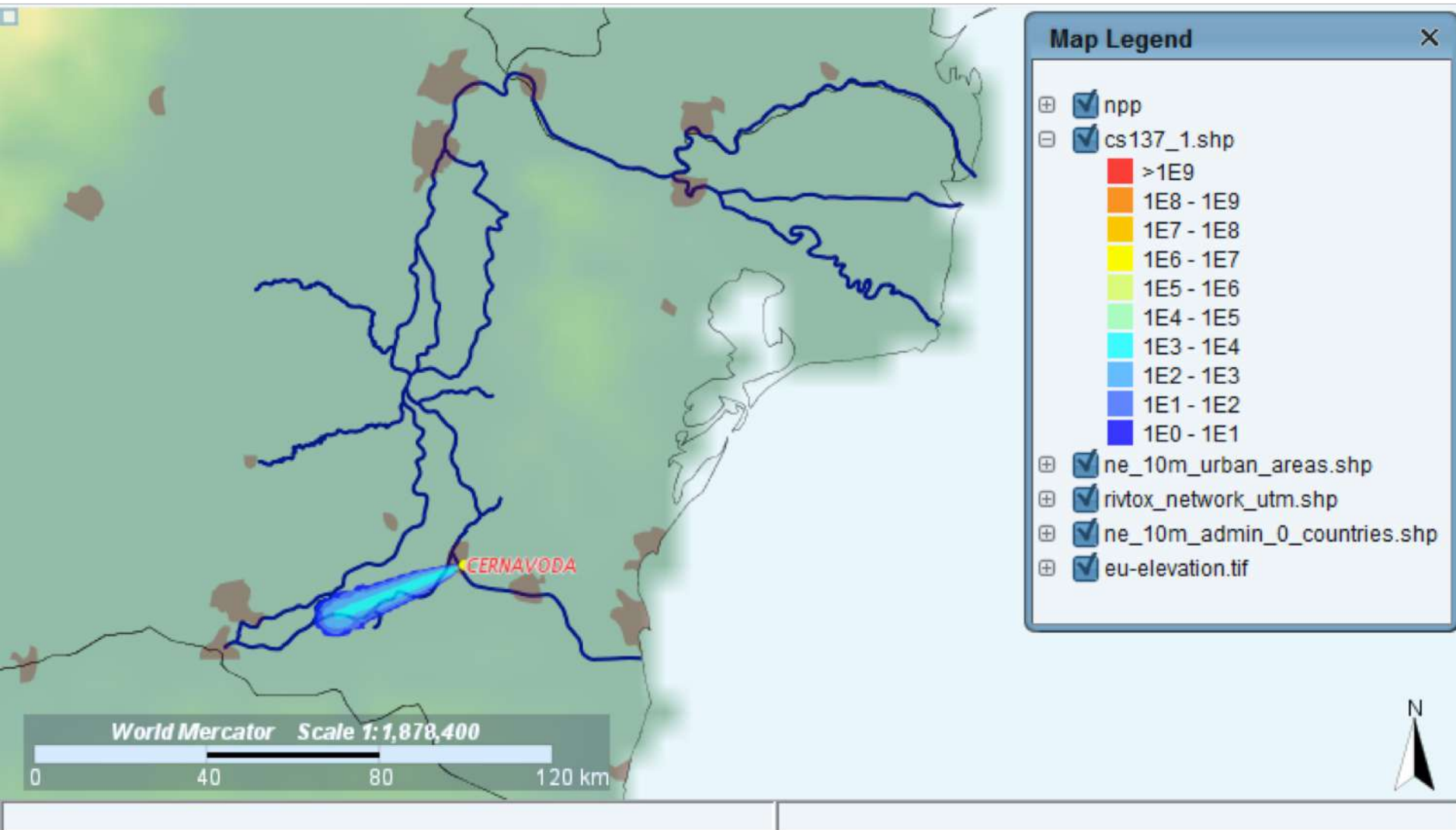


**Lower Danube
river network and
the control points
(red)**

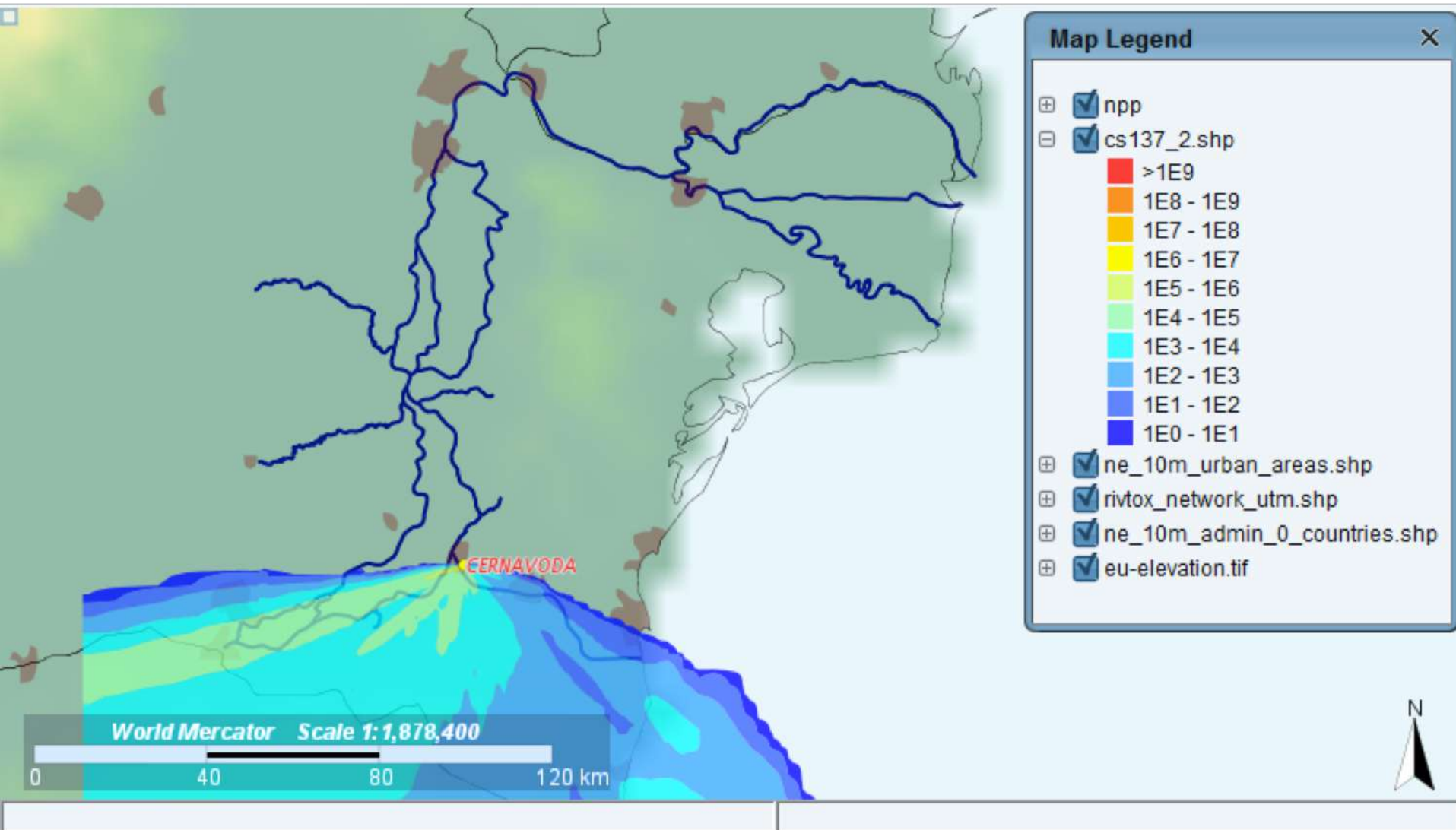
River network



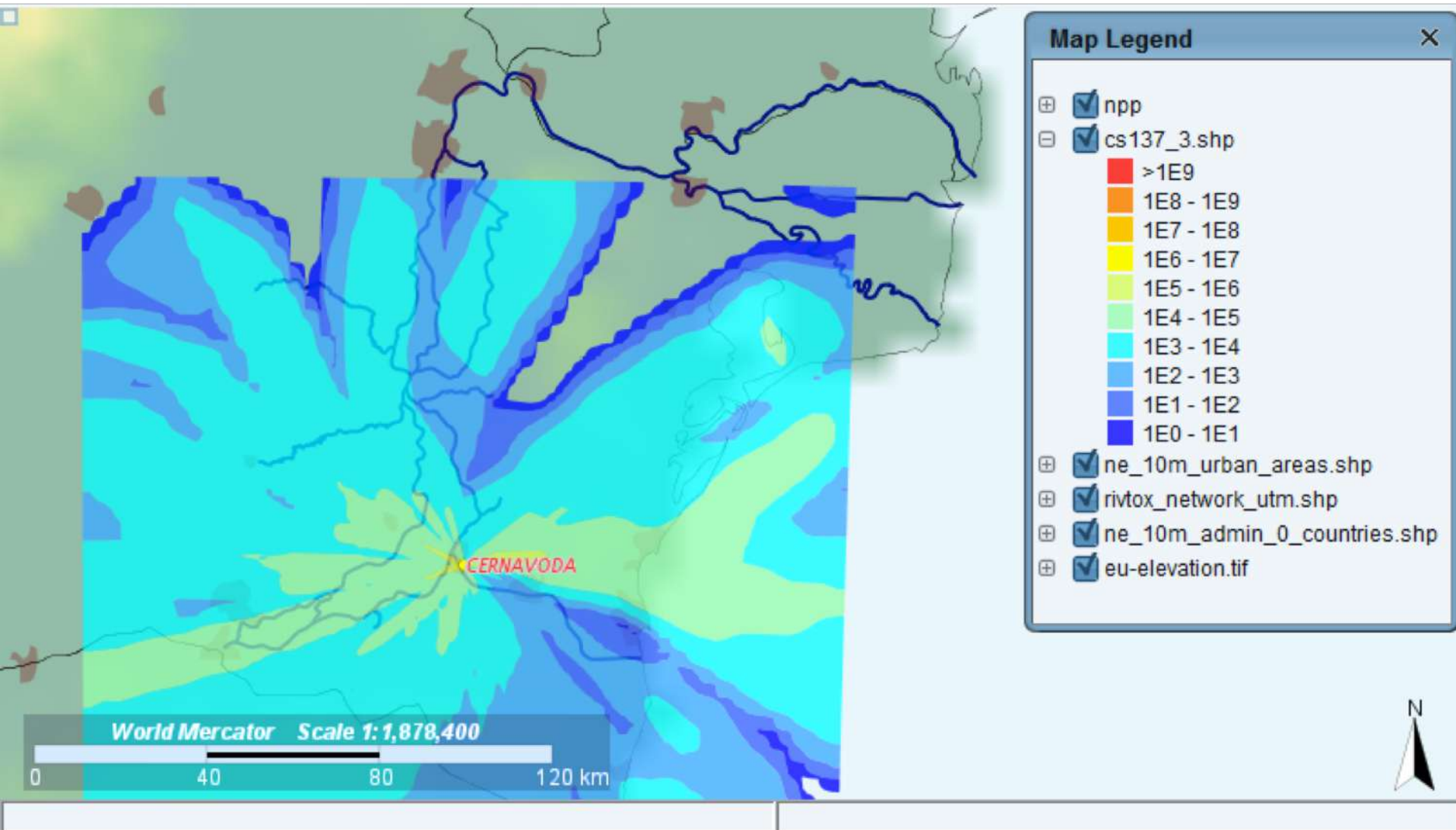
Cs-137 deposition at day 1



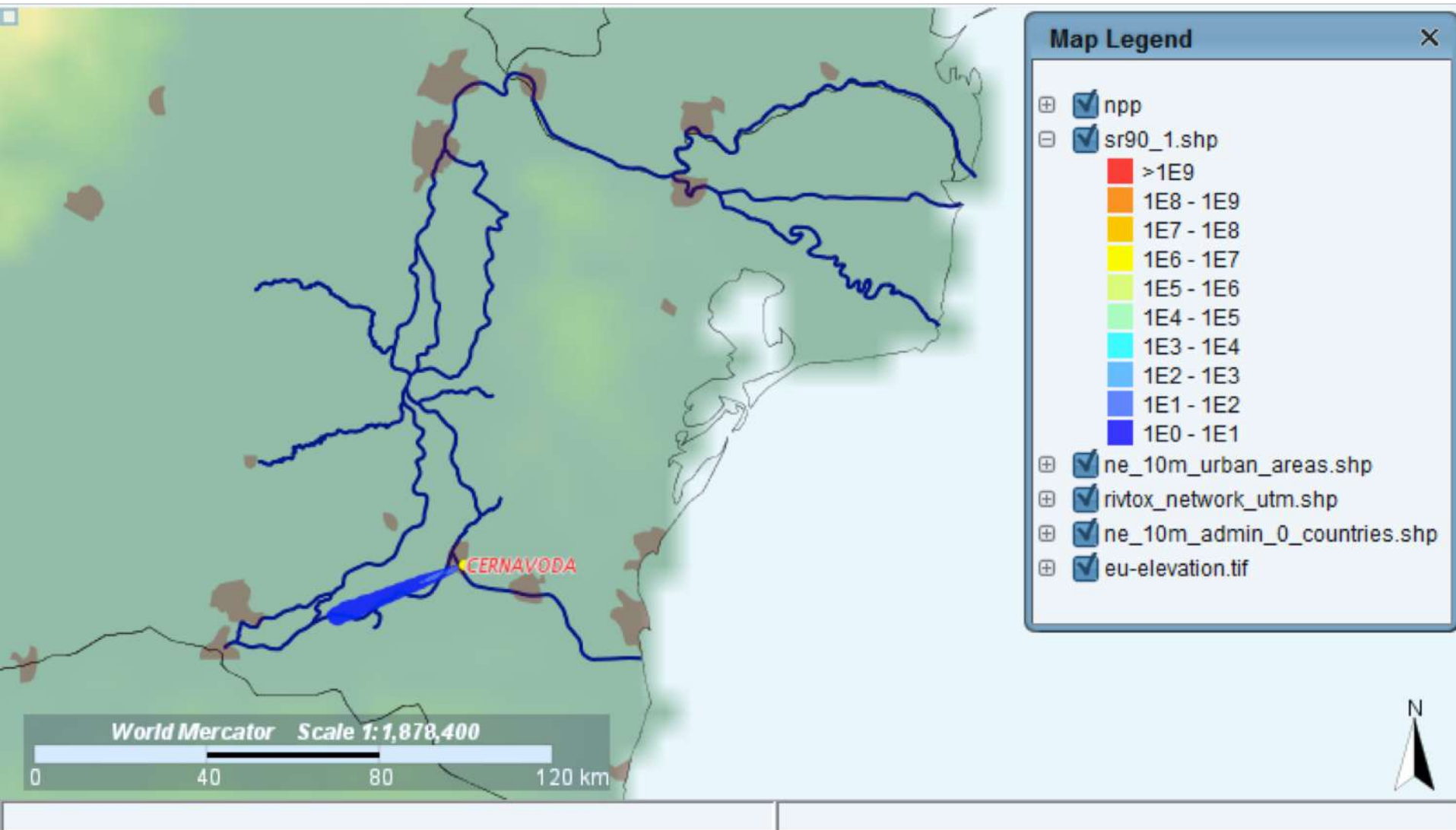
Cs-137 deposition at day 3



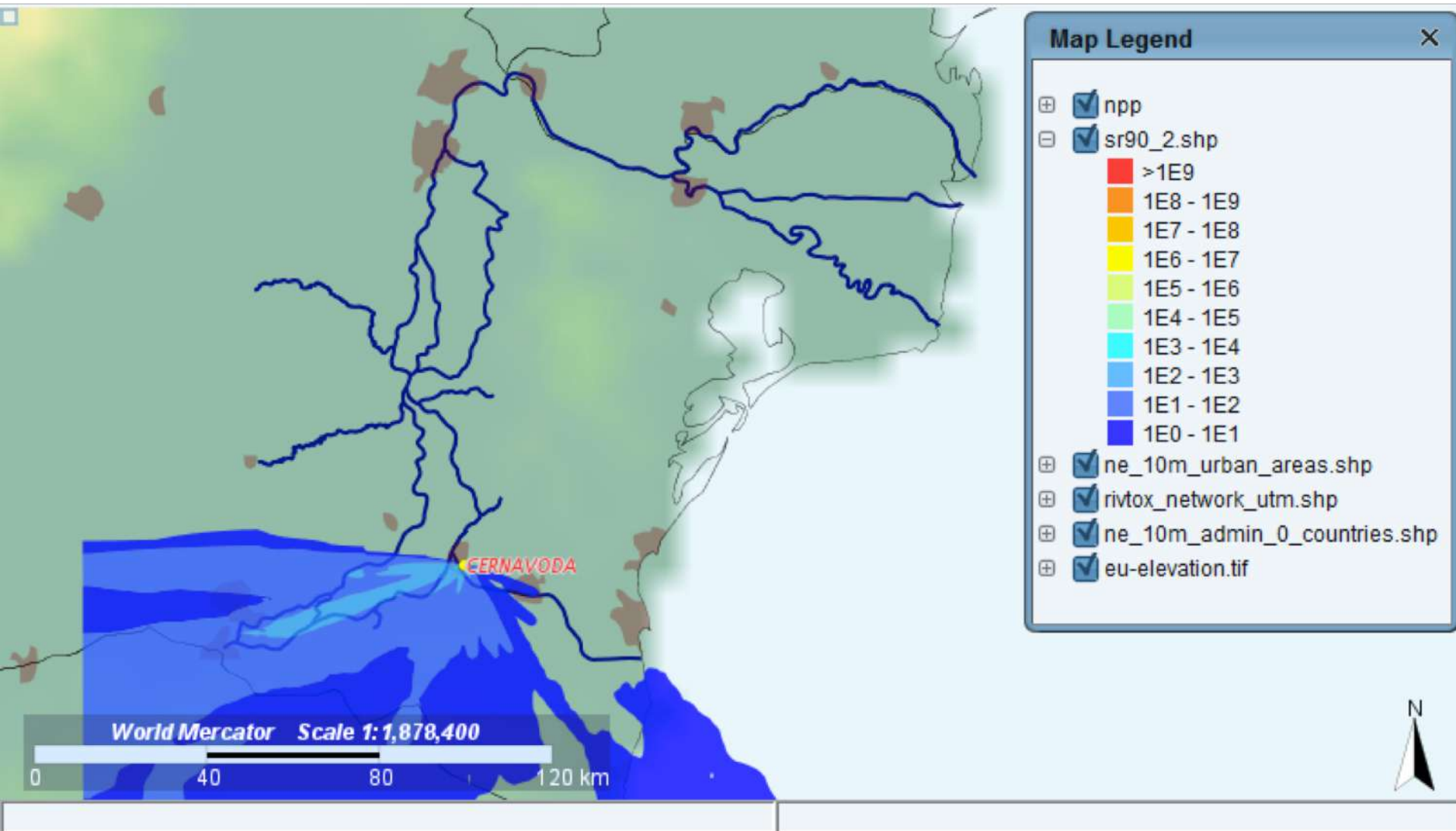
Cs-137 deposition at day 5



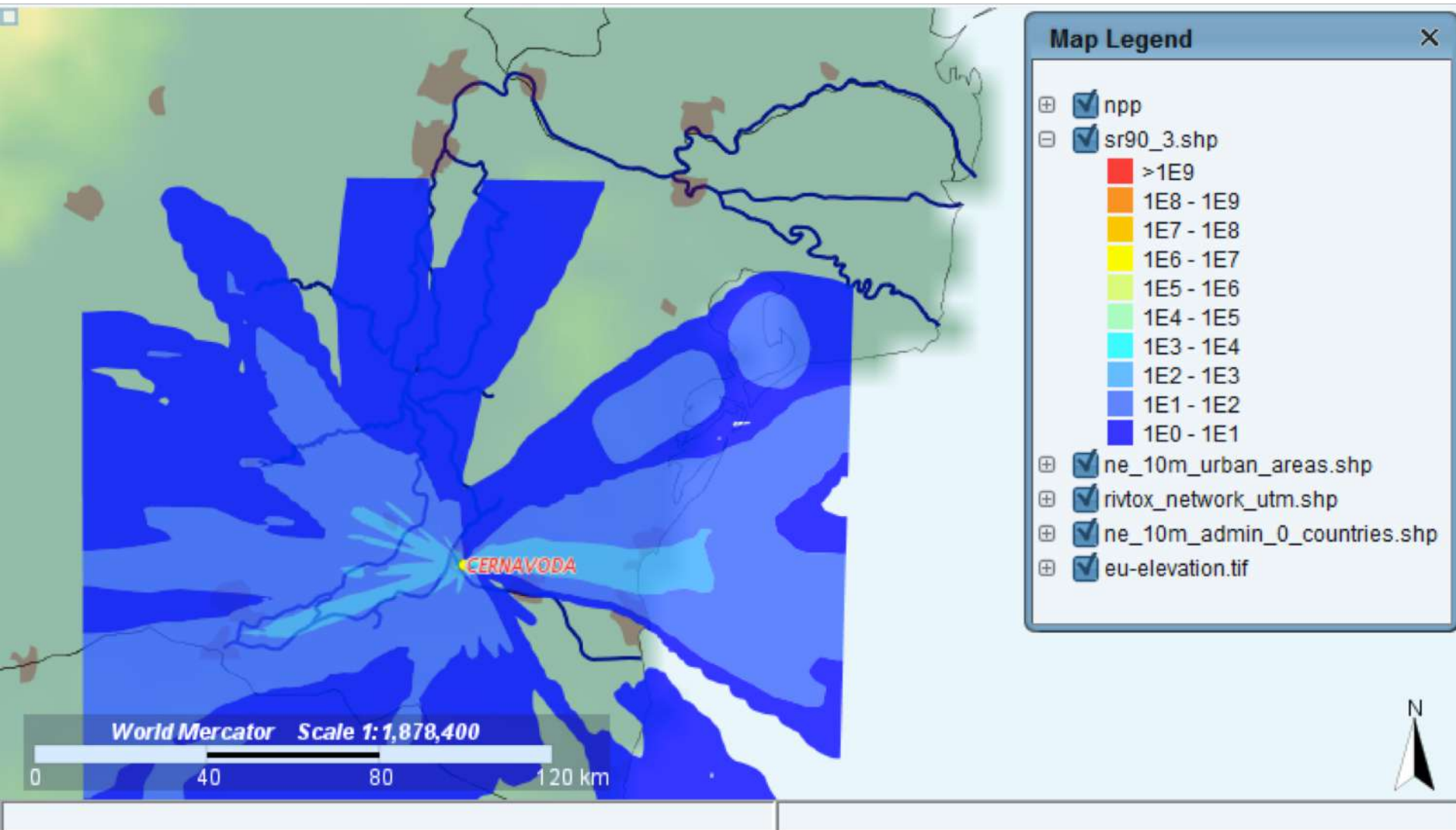
Sr-90 deposition at day 1



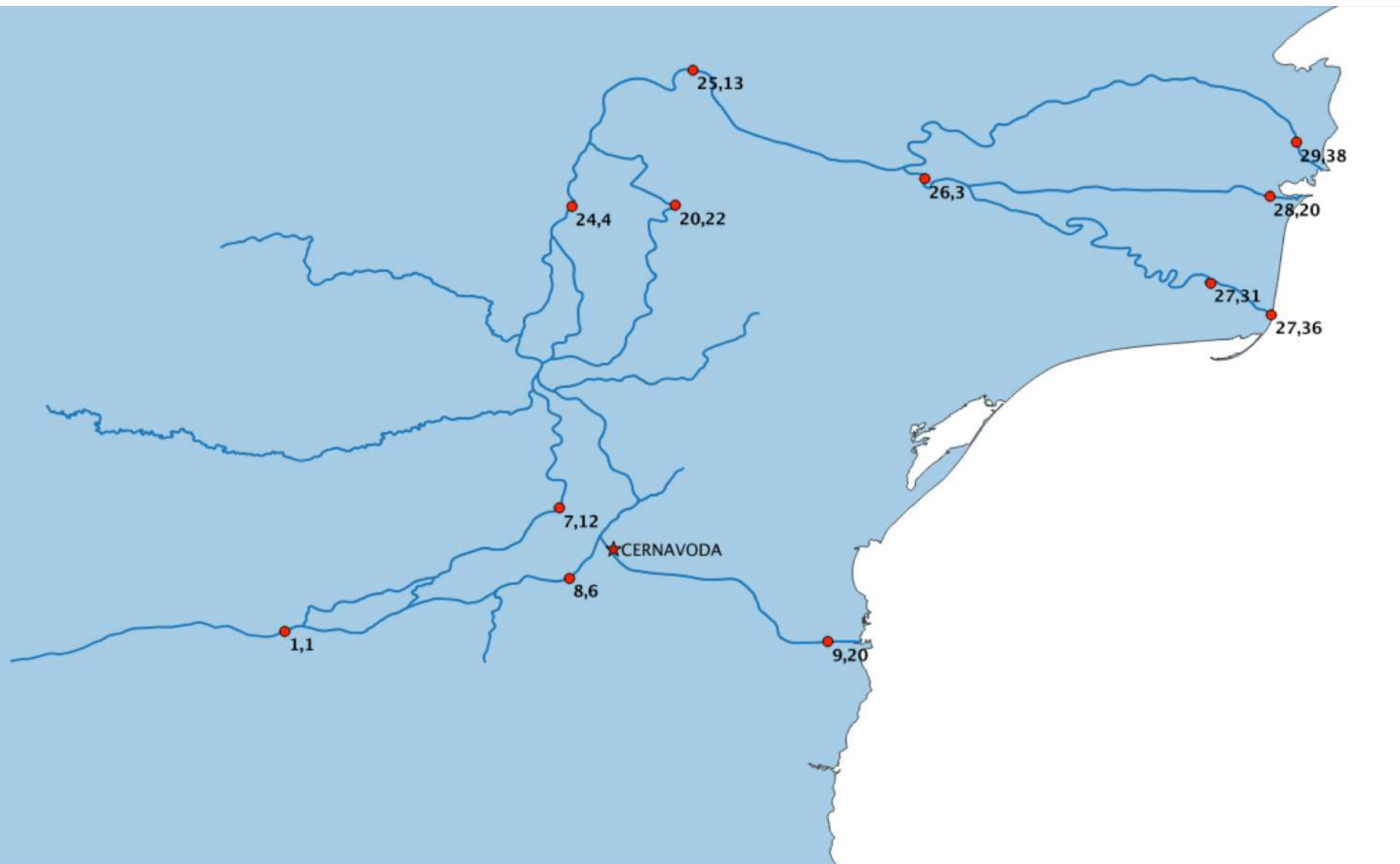
Sr-90 deposition at day 3



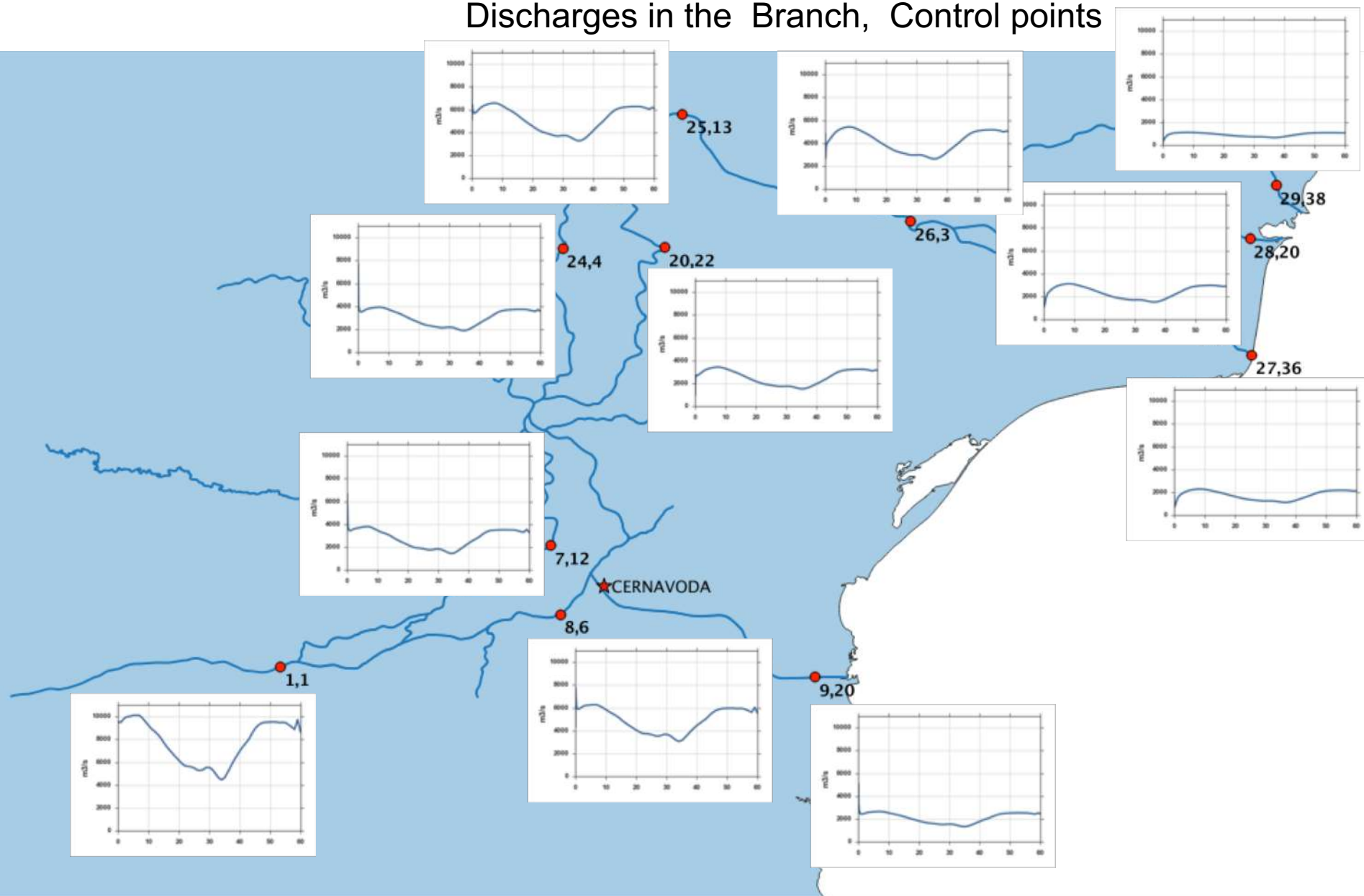
Sr-90 deposition at day 5



Control Points (Branch, Point)



Discharges in the Branch, Control points



Sr-90 concentration in solute at Branch, at control points

